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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/656,435	09/05/2003	Didier Vasseur	03161.001316	1585
21003 75: BAKER & BOTT		EXAMINER		
30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA 44TH FLOOR NEW YORK, NY 10112-4498			MULCAHY, PETER D	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1713	
SHORTENED STATUTORY I	PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		01/11/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

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Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/656,435	VASSEUR ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Peter D. Mulcahy	1713				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATES IN THE MAI	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 De	ecember 2006.					
	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3,4 and 9-27</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	Claim(s) 1,3,4 and 9-27 is/are rejected.						
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)[]	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicat	ion Papers						
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examiner	r.					
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	epted or b) objected to by the E	Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119		,				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachme-	it(c)						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)							
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date							
) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) Other:						
Patent and Trademark Office							

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 3. Claims 1,3,4, and 9-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hausmann US 5,252,649.

Hausmann shows rubber compositions for tire tread members, see abstract.

This patent further describes plasticizer constituents as being fatty acid triglyceride compounds which are >50% oleic acid triesters; see column 2, line 63 through column 3, line 65. The extraction of the oleic acid triesters from sunflower oil is discussed in the abstract as well as at column 3, line 52+. The diene elastomer is suggested at column 3, lines 38. The claimed mass faction is suggested at column 3, line 55+.

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Response to Arguments

Applicants' argue that the Hausmann patent teaches the use of rapeseed oil and that the rapeseed oil of the prior art has a lower amount of oleic acid than the 70% as claimed. This is not persuasive. The art is clear as to the optional selection of sunflower oil. The abstract identifies the sunflower oil as an alternative to rapeseed. The disclosure at column 4 lines 3+ suggests the combination of sunflower oil with the rapeseed oil. One of ordinary skill in the art is directed to use the sunflower oil. As such, the use is prima facie obvious. Applicants' fail to address the fact that the art specifically mentions the use of sunflower oil.

Applicants' then point out that the rapeseed oil is known to have a mass faction of oleic acid of about 50%. The claims are limited to sunflower oil having a mass faction of oleic acid of equal to or greater than 70%. This is not persuasive. The Hausmann disclosure does not limit the maximum mass faction of the oleic acid in the sunflower or rapeseed oil. The disclosure identifies the lower amount of oleic acid as being greater than 50%. This renders obvious the claimed amount of oleic acid of equal to or greater than 70%. The sunflower oil is known to have a mass faction of oleic acid upwards of 70% or greater.

The alleged unexpected results have been fully considered. The reported results fail to sufficiently rebut the prima facie case of obviousness. The results show that different compounds have different properties. This is expected. There is no unexpected result commensurate in scope with the claimed invention.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Peter D. Mulcahy whose telephone number is 571-272-1107. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri. 8-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Wu can be reached on 571-272-1114. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Peter D. Mulcahy Primary Examiner Art Unit 1713

1/3/07